

REVIEW
of the scientific article

Nadiia Bortnyk, Volodymyr Zarosylo
“Subject of Administrative and Legal Regulation”

The submitted scientific article is devoted to one of the key theoretical and legal issues of modern administrative law science – namely, the determination of the subject of administrative and legal regulation. This topic is highly relevant in the context of the transformation of the public administration system in Ukraine, the adaptation of national legislation to European standards, and the reconsideration of the role of administrative law in regulating social relations.

The authors approach the research from the standpoint of an integrative understanding of law and a system-activity methodology, which makes it possible to reveal the complexity and multidimensional nature of the subject of administrative and legal regulation. The article emphasizes that, under modern conditions of societal development, there is a significant transformation in the range of social relations subject to legal regulation, which necessitates a revision of traditional approaches to defining the subject of administrative law.

A significant advantage of the work is the in-depth theoretical analysis of scholarly approaches to defining the subject of administrative and legal regulation. The authors systematize existing doctrinal positions and critically evaluate them, drawing attention to the lack of a unified approach in academic literature. An important conclusion is that the subject of administrative law cannot be viewed solely as a set of social relations within the sphere of public administration but must also take into account contemporary trends in the development of the legal system, including processes of decentralization, regionalization, and integration.

The article convincingly demonstrates that modern administrative law extends beyond the classical “command-and-administrative” model of influence and is transforming into a system of legal norms aimed at ensuring human rights and freedoms, regulating public services, and facilitating interaction between the state and society. Particular attention is paid to the concept of administrative-contractual regulation, which reflects a tendency toward the expanded use of contractual instruments within public law.

The authors also address the issue of distinguishing administrative and legal regulation from regulation by other branches of law, including financial, civil, and commercial law. In this context, the conclusion regarding the intersectoral nature of modern legal regulation is well-founded, as it complicates the clear delineation of the boundaries of administrative law.

A positive aspect of the study is the reference to practical examples, particularly the analysis of the regulation of the activities of the National Bank of Ukraine and other public authorities, which demonstrates the real mechanism of interaction between legal norms in the process of governing social relations.

At the same time, it should be noted that the work is predominantly theoretical in nature. It would be advisable to strengthen its practical component through a more detailed analysis of judicial practice or specific case studies involving the application of administrative and legal norms. In addition, a promising direction for further research could be a comparative legal analysis of approaches to defining the subject of administrative law in different legal systems.

Overall, the article is characterized by a high level of scientific reasoning, a logical structure, and consistency in the presentation of the material. The language of the work is clear, academically sound, and complies with the standards of scholarly writing. The authors

demonstrate a deep understanding of the subject matter and the ability to formulate well-grounded scientific conclusions.

The scientific article by Nadiia Bortnyk and Volodymyr Zarosylo constitutes an independent, complete, and relevant study of significant importance for the development of administrative law science. The work meets the requirements for academic publications and may be recommended for publication in a specialized scientific journal.

Reviewer:

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